The Comprehensive Course for Accessing 2020 Census Redistricting Data

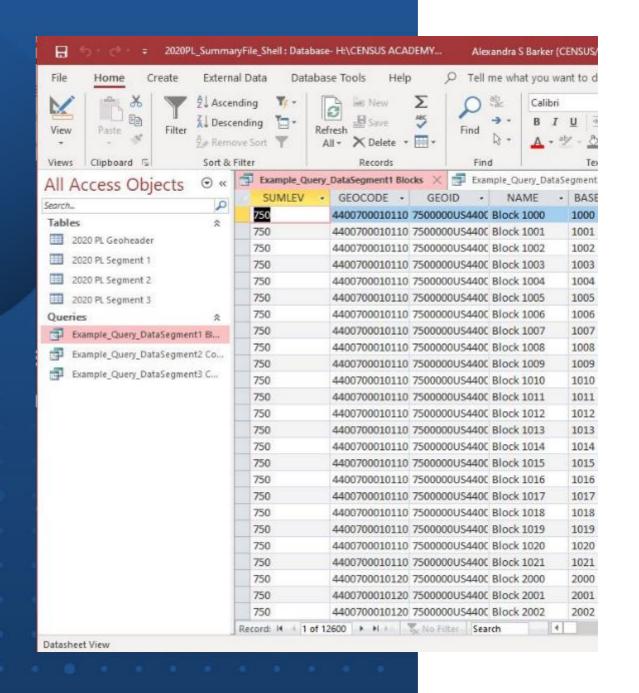
Explore and learn the different methods to access P.L. 94-171 Redistricting Data

Instructors: Mary Leisenring and Alexandra Barker

U.S. Census Bureau

Census.gov/academy





Learning Objectives

At the end of this training, you will...

Part 1: Learn what redistricting data are, its purposes and uses, available sources and formats.

Discover specific data available now, the methods you can use to access these data, and the resources you may need to download and analyze the data.

Part 2: Learn how to locate, access and download data using different methods and tools according to your needs and skill level. This includes FTP files, mapping and visualizations, tools, data.census.gov, and the Census API.

Your Learning Path

Part 1: Important to Know

Lesson 1: What Is Redistricting?

The 2020 Census and the Redistricting Data Program

Lesson 2: Understanding the Data

What are the 2020 Census Redistricting (P.L. 94-171) Summary Files, Topics, and Geographies

Lesson 3: Ways to Access Redistricting Data

Tools and Resources

Part 2: The Data

Pathway 1: FTP

Lessons 4-8

Pathway 2:

Data Visualizations

Lesson 9

Pathway 3:

data.census.gov

Lesson 10

Pathway 4: API

Lessons 11-12



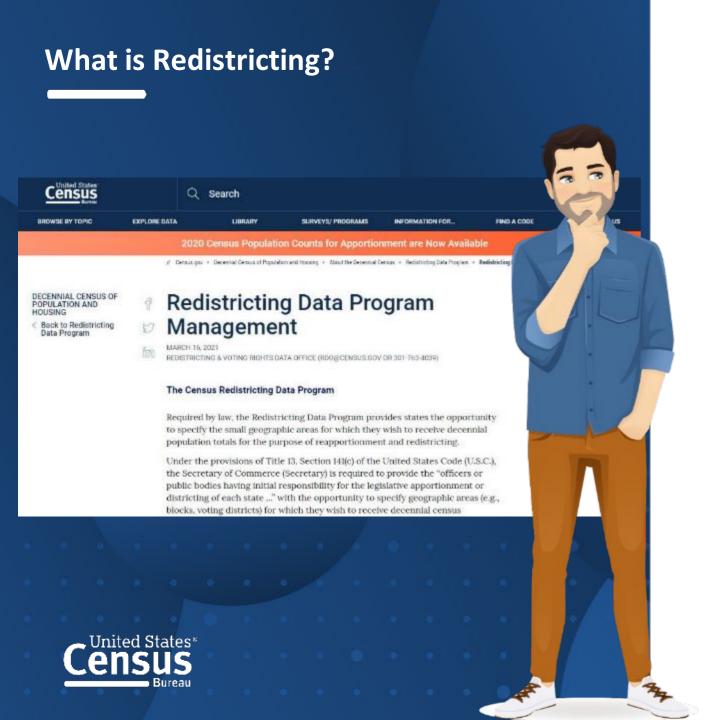
Lesson 1:

What Is Redistricting?

The 2020 Census and the Redistricting Data Program

What Is Redistricting Data



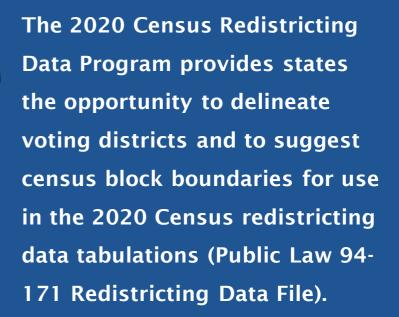


- ✓ Redistricting is when state officials redraw the boundaries of the congressional and state legislative districts in their states after each census. This accounts for population shifts since the last census.
- ✓ Under the provisions of Title 13, Section 141(c) of the United States Code (U.S.C.), the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary) is required to provide the "officers or public bodies having initial responsibility for the legislative apportionment or districting of each state ..." with the opportunity to specify geographic areas (e.g., blocks, voting districts) for which they wish to receive decennial census population counts for the purpose of reapportionment or redistricting.

2020 Census

- √ The Constitution of the United States,
 Article I, Section 2, directs that a census of
 the population be taken every 10 years for
 the purpose of reapportionment and
 redistricting.
- √ The 2020 Census counted every person
 living in the United States and the five U.S.
 territories. It marked the 24th census in U.S.
 history and the first time that households
 were invited to respond to the census
 online.

Redistricting Data Program





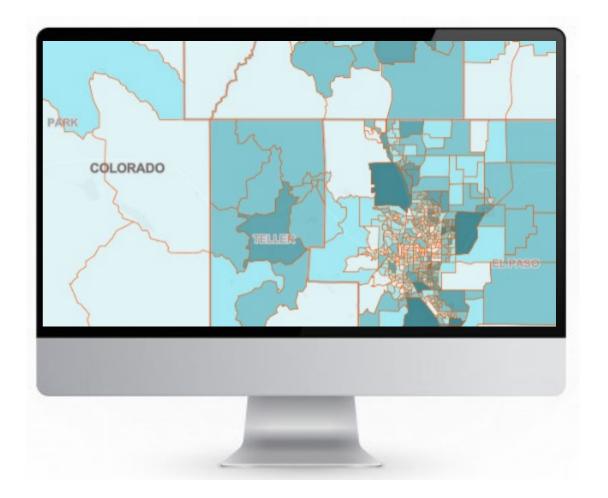
- Phase 1 Block Boundary Suggestion Project
- Phase 2 Voting District Project
- Phase 3 Delivery of the 2020 Census P.L.
 94-171 Redistricting Data Files and
 Geographic Products
- Phase 4 Collection of Post-2020
 Census Redistricting Plans
- Phase 5 Evaluation of the 2020
 Census Redistricting Data Program and Recommendations for 2030





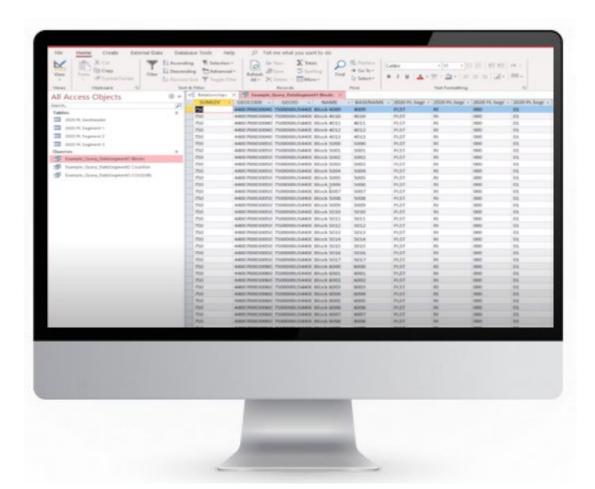


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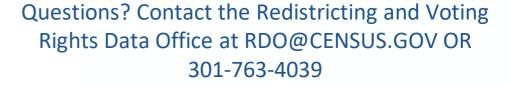
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Lesson 1 Recap

Release of additional **Decennial Census Data Products**

An evaluation of the program and the next census redistricting data program begins The Census Bureau collects the State redistricting plans Redistricting data States use to redraw Congressional and

Redistricting Data Program collects suggestions from states on geographic boundary changes





The Census is conducted

State Legislatures are released



Apportionment numbers for Congress are released

